

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, FEBRUARY 17—
Last 24 hours' rainfall, Trace; Temperature, max.
76; min. 66; Weather, Overcast.

SUGAR—96° Test Centrifugals, 4.99; Per
Ton, \$99.80; 88 Analysis Beets, 15s 1 1-2d; Per
Ton, \$105.60.

Established July 2, 1856.

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HONOLULU, HAWAII TERRITORY, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 18, 1905.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

THE LEGISLATURE SHOWS DISPOSITION TO DO ITS WORK

House Moves Rather More Slowly Than Senate,
But the Tendency in Both Branches
Is to Get Busy.

The session of the Senate yesterday was once more short, sharp, snappy, full of business. The judiciary committee made a report indicating that the Code Commission bill will be passed today, and the first finished piece of work was disposed of in the passage of the Senate Appropriation bill. This bill has been hustled along so fast that the Senate now holds the record of the first bill of the session passed.

The House was slower, more fussy, more oratorical, and the silly spirit found at least one manifestation in Kaniho's objection to an important resolution because it "was written on yellow paper." However, it was Kaniho who made the objection, and Kaniho is a Home Ruler. And so the dominant party in the House cannot be held for this manifestation.

THE LEGISLATURE--THIRD DAY.

THE SENATE.

The session of the Senate yesterday was short, sharp and decisive of a few things. In the beginning, President Isenberg discovered that the clock was two minutes slow, which discovery of itself was proof that he was on time. Immediately after the roll call, Secretary Savidge, who has not been in attendance on the sessions heretofore because of sickness, was sworn in, and took his part in the formalities of the opening.

A message was received from the Governor inclosing the Loan Appropriation Bill, which was passed first reading and went to the printing committee. The bill provides for the appropriation of a total of \$1,100,000, apportioned as follows:

GENERAL APPROPRIATION FOR ALL ISLANDS.

Government building, Hilo.....	\$50,000
Government building, Honolulu.....	200,000
Armory, National Guard.....	50,000
Extension of wharf system.....	300,000
Educational buildings.....	50,000
Total.....	\$650,000

ISLAND OF HAWAII.

Extension sewer system, Hilo.....	\$20,000
Extension belt road system.....	71,000
Pahala to volcano road.....	29,000
Waimea to connect with Kona road.....	12,000
Completion Kahuku lava flow road.....	10,000
Hamakua.....	20,000
Complete 11 1-3 mile road, Olaa homesteads.....	6,000
Total.....	\$97,000.00

ISLAND OF MAUI.

Complete Wailuku fire station and jail.....	\$5,000
Extension of belt road system.....	50,000
Nahiku to Kailua.....	\$41,000
Complete Lahaina and Maalaea road.....	15,000
Total.....	\$61,000.00

ISLAND OF KAUAI.

Extension of belt road system.....	\$36,000
Kalihiwai to Moaloa.....	\$28,000
Kalihiwai to Hanalei.....	10,000
Bridges and culverts, Koloa and Waimea.....	4,500
Total.....	\$40,500.00

ISLAND OF OAHU.

Honolulu water system.....	\$200,000
Extension, sewers and storm drains.....	36,500
New laundries.....	15,000
Total.....	\$251,500.00

PETITIONS AND COMMUNICATIONS.

Petitions were received asking for a new school house at Honolulu, for the appropriation of \$30,000 for lighting and widening the road around Diamond Head, and from residents of the settlement on Molokai, asking for the issuance of a light wine and beer license. The Kiloana Art League invited the Senators to call at the league rooms in the Young Hotel yesterday afternoon and look at the lace exhibit, the fruit of an industry the Legislature will be asked to foster.

From the special committee, Paris reported, assigning the Governor's message in sections to appropriate committees. Mr. Paris said that he had interviewed the Governor and found that

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THE HOUSE.

The resolution introduced by Representative Harris at yesterday afternoon's session of the House for the placing in the list of appropriations the sum of \$50,000 as a subsidy for a freight and passenger steamer to ply between island ports and the mainland, was the most important matter brought up during the day's sitting.

After a brief discussion the resolution was passed to the Miscellaneous Committee despite the absurd objection of Rep. Kaniho that it was out of order because it was written on yellow paper instead of white.

Rep. Harris also introduced a resolution for the appropriation of \$10,000 for advertising Hawaii's advantages and encouraging immigration.

PAY OF HOUSE OFFICERS.

There was a flurry during the morning session when Rep. Kaleiupu introduced the following resolution:

Resolved, That the salaries of the different officers of this House shall be as follows:

Clerk.....	\$12.00.
Assistant Clerk.....	\$8.00.
Interpreter.....	\$10.00.
Stenographer.....	\$10.00.
Sergeant-at-arms.....	\$7.00.
Messenger.....	\$5.00.
Janitor.....	\$4.00.
Chaplain, for session.....	\$250.00.

Rep. Kaleiupu supported his resolution with a curious speech, in which he based his main argument for the large salaries on the ground that the Representatives' chamber is three times as large as the Senate's chamber.

Rep. Rice objected to the passage of such a bill and Rep. Coelho was also in opposition. Rep. Holstein took a share in the debate along similar lines and moved the resolution along to the committee on expenditures.

His motion carried. Rep. Holstein presented three petitions. The citizens of Kuu wanted Hawaii divided into two counties and also asked for a \$2,500 school house at Honouliuli. North Kohala wanted a \$200 cottage at Honouliuli. An appropriation of \$25,000 was asked for a road from Puukoa to Nawaihaekai. The matters were referred to the different committees concerned.

SPOKE BOTH LANGUAGES.

Rep. Coelho presented a resolution to the effect that the President of the Board of Health be required to produce the names of all persons segregated as lepers; their ages, terms of segregation, etc.

He said that he had been informed by Supt. McVeigh that people who had gone over there merely for curiosity had made fun of the lepers and he thought that this should be prohibited. The resolution was adopted.

Rep. Fernandez objected when Coelho spoke first in English and then commenced to repeat in Hawaiian. Coelho insisted on his right to do so and was sustained by the chair.

An appeal from Speaker Knudsen's ruling failed, only Fernandez supporting it.

THE GOVERNOR'S BILL.

Governor Carter's loan appropriation bill was presented by Chief Clerk Buckland and was ordered to the printing committee.

BILLS' FIRST READING.

During the morning session the following bills were presented and passed their first reading and title:

An act to authorize the election of

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BONDS OF HAWAII ARE NOT TAXABLE

New York, December 28th, 1904.

To the Governor, Secretary and Treasurer of the Territory of Hawaii, Honolulu, Hawaii.

Gentlemen: We have examined the question whether or not the \$1,000,000 Territory of Hawaii Bonds, Series of 1904-05, are exempt from taxation by the States, meaning the United States. After an examination of the decisions of the Supreme Court of the United States relating to or bearing upon this subject, and on the various Acts of Congress and of the Legislature of the Territory of Hawaii under which these bonds are issued, it is our opinion that the said bonds are exempt from taxation by any State in the United States or any municipal or political subdivision of any such State, the same as United States bonds, obligations, or other securities of the United States.

Very truly yours,

(Signed)

DILLON & HUBBARD.

OPPOSED PRATT AND FAVORED LOUIS KENAKE

Light on the Report of the Inspectors Which
the Government Turned Down--The Elec-
tions Investigation Doesn't Promise Much.

(Mail Special to the Advertiser.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 6.—The papers in the case of Mr. Joseph G. Pratt, as the proposed nominee for postmaster of Honolulu, have reached the Department. They were forwarded through the inspector's office at San Francisco and are now on file in the office of the Fourth Assistant Postmaster General. Inspectors Hare and Madden make these reports, which are decidedly in opposition to the appointment of Mr. Pratt. Both inspectors recommend the appointment of Assistant Postmaster L. T. Kenake.

As the reports reach here, one would think the inspectors had consulted solely with men who suffered from the real estate transactions with Charles Desky. That is the burden of the entire report. Six or eight names of Honolulu people are given as having been consulted. Among them are W. Wolters, Cecil Brown, and August E. Dreier. Mr. Brown, who is mentioned as president of the First National Bank and a leading citizen, is quoted as saying that Mr. Pratt is just as deep in the mud as Mr. Desky is in the mire. The inspectors also cite that Mr. Pratt is apparently on just as intimate terms as ever with Mr. Desky. They say his office is in the same building and on the same floor as that of Mr. Desky and so on. The real estate transactions in Hilo as well as Honolulu are mentioned in an effort to indicate that Mr. Pratt should share the odium of those transactions. The inspectors conclude that, after all these matters are considered, "Mr. Pratt is not a safe man to entrust with the responsibilities of the Honolulu postoffice."

Their approval of Assistant Postmaster Kenake is strong. They say, he has been the real head of the postoffice for some time, has been courteous and efficient and deserves the promotion. Not a word is said in approval of Prince Kuhio's candidate, Postmaster Oat, except to indicate that his administration of the office is something to be passed over in silence.

What the outcome will be is difficult to say at this time. When I learned the above with reference to the inspectors' report, the papers had not gone to the President. Secretary Atkinson has been to the White House offices regarding the case, but the disposition to await the arrival of the papers prevented the President from giving him any definite answer. It looks as though Kenake's case would be materially strengthened by the inspectors' statements regarding his efficiency. The outcome will rest solely with the President, who may decide the case any day now.

SECRETARY ATKINSON.

Secretary Atkinson has gone to New York for a brief trip, whence he proceeds to the Pacific Coast. He planned, when he left here, to sail on the Korea. There was general regret at his departure.

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DEATH OF H. E. WAITY FORMER RESIDENT AT ASHLAND OREGON

ASHLAND, Ore., Feb. 18.—H. E. Waity of Honolulu is dead.

H. E. Waity, formerly a member of the banking firm of Bishop & Co., left Honolulu in the bark Santiago on June 21, 1904. On arrival in San Francisco, Mr. Waity and family went up into Shasta county for the summer, and later went to Ashland.

Mr. Waity's health began to fail early last year. At his home in Punahou

he tried all manner of outdoor exercises and employments to keep up his strength. He felled a number of trees and did most of the work about his place. Getting no better, he decided to go to the coast and disposed of his interests in the bank, sold his home, and departed. In August the Waity block

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KILLED BY A SOCIALIST

Murder of Grand Duke Sergius a
Political Crime--Russian
Strike Resuming.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS CABLEGRAMS.)

MOSCOW, Feb. 17.—The Grand Duke Sergius was assassinated today while driving to the Kremlin.

The bomb was thrown under the carriage and the explosion wrecked the vehicle and blew off the head of the Grand Duke.

Two assassins were arrested on the spot, one being wounded by the bomb. Several students have been arrested for complicity in the affair.

ASSASSIN A REVOLUTIONIST.

MOSCOW, Feb. 18.—The assassin of the Grand Duke Sergius is a member of the socialistic revolutionary party which caused the violent deaths of Bobrikoff and Von Plevhe.

SUMMONING A CONGRESS.

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 18.—It is reported that the Zemsky-zabor has been summoned to meet on the 22nd.

MORE PEACE TALK.

A revival of the peace talk is reported.

KAISER LENDS A HAND.

The Kaiser is interceding to settle the strike. The situation is again critical here. Thirty thousand men are out.

WHY GRIPPENBERG LEFT.

General Gripenberg in an interview says that he resigned his command because Kuropatkin refused help when victory was near.

RUSSIANS BREAK PAROLE.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 18.—Three officers of the dismantled Russian cruiser Lena have broken their parole and gone to St. Petersburg.

KUROPATKIN CHANGING BASE.

SHANGHAI, Feb. 18.—Gen. Kuropatkin is apparently moving his base from Mukden to Fushun.

AFTERNOON REPORT.

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 17.—It is reported that the Emperor and his Ministers are considering making peace with Japan.

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 17.—The Putiloff iron works have suspended credit for 10,000 employees until work is resumed.

FRANCES WILLARD'S STATUE.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—A statue of Frances Willard for Statuary Hall has been accepted by the House and Senate.

DR. HOHENZOLLERN.

BERLIN, Feb. 18.—The Kaiser will accept the degree of LL. D., from the University of Pennsylvania.

PARCELS POST AGREEMENT.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—A parcels post agreement with England has been signed.

NEW THEORY BROACHED FOR IWALANI'S MISSION

Supposition That She Went on Mission to Prevent
Birdskin Poaching--Leakage on
Schlemmer's Cruise in Schooner Kennedy.

Has the Iwalani indeed gone to exploit the guano deposits of Johnston Island?

It is extremely doubtful.

Then, where did the Iwalani go?

This question may have its correct answer bound up with the departure of another vessel five days previous to the sailing under sealed orders of the Iwalani. This was the schooner C. Kennedy in command of Captain Max Schlemmer, an accustomed navigator of the western and southern seas.

Both the destinations and the purposes of the Kennedy's voyage were matters of common knowledge prior to her sailing. She was to carry supplies to the U. S. Marine guard at Midway Island, and

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